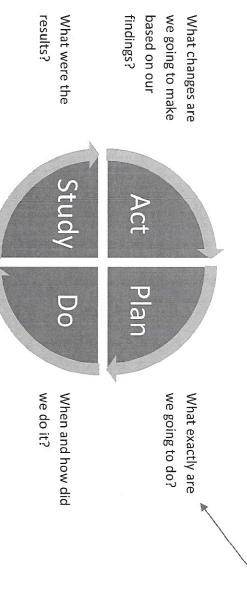
 Implement the change. Try out the test on a small scale. Carry out the test. 	pescribe what actually happened when you ran the test
Document problems and unexpected observations.Begin analysis of the data.	
Study Set aside time to analyze the data and study the results and determine if the change resulted in the expected outcome. • Complete the analysis of the data.	Describe the measured results and how they compared to the predictions
 Compare the data to your predictions. Summarize and reflect on what was learned. Look for: unintended consequences, surprises, successes, failures. 	
Act If the results were not what you wanted you try something else Refine the change, based on what was learned from the test	Describe what modifications to the plan will be made for the next cycle from what you learned
 Adapt – modify the changes and repeat PDSA cycle Adopt – consider expanding the changes in your organization to additional residents, staff, units Abandon – change your approach and repeat PDSA cycle 	

Source: Adapted with permission from the Institute for Healthcare Improvement (www.IHI.org).

PDSA Cycle Template

Model for Improvement: Three questions for improvement

- What are we trying to accomplish (aim)?
- How will we know that change is an improvement (measures)?
- What change can we make that will result in an improvement (ideas, hunches, theories)?



List your action steps along with person(s) responsible and time line

- What is the objective of the test?
- What do you predict will happen and why?
- What change will you make?
- Who will it involve (e.g. one unit, one floor, one department)?
- How long will the change take to implement?
- What resources will they need?
- What data need to be collected?

Source: Adapted with permission from the Institute for Healthcare Improvement (www.IHI.org).